# Latin KS3

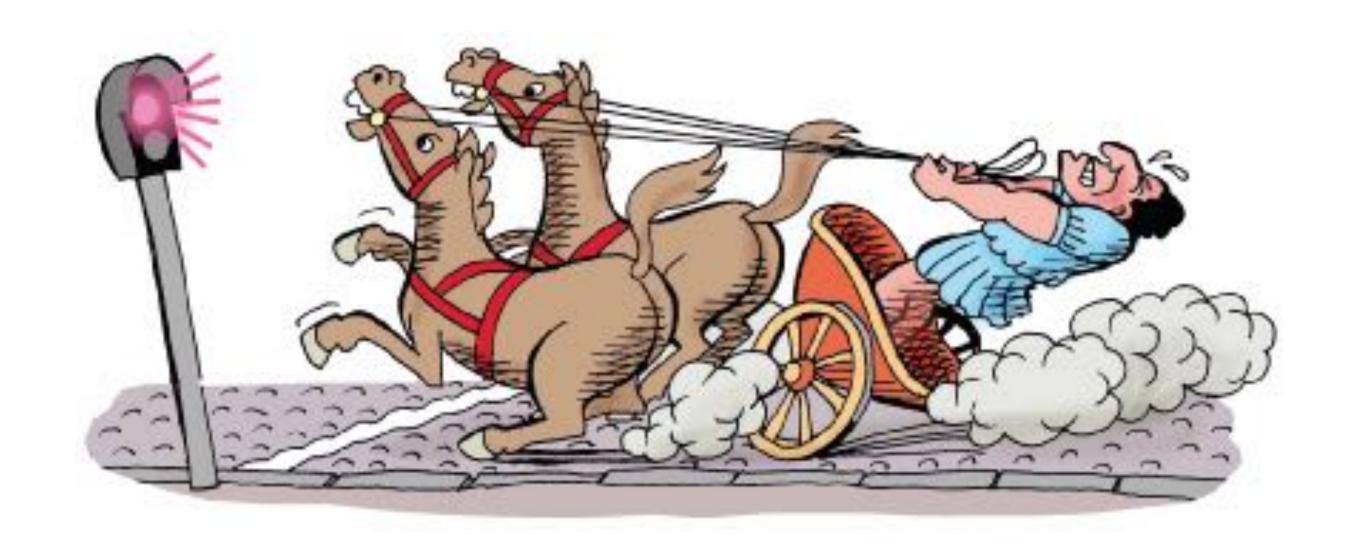
## Writing tasks

Tuesday 27th September

LO: to translate and form nominatives and accusatives

the subject, is in the NOMINATIVE case.

the object, is in the ACCUSATIVE case.



#### 1st declension nouns

<b>I</b> I	• 1		
puella	$= \alpha_1 r$	(feminine)	A
Ducha	<b>–</b> 2111		•

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	puella	puellae
Accusative	puellam	puellās



### Starter Activity

3. Give the Latin for:

(a) woman (accusative singular) --> fēminam



(c) goddesses (accusative plural) deās

(d) poets (accusative plural) poētās



## Starter Activity

- 3. Give the Latin for:
- (e) girl (nominative singular) puella



- (g) Claudia (nominative singular) ———— Claudia
- (h) farmers (accusative plural)

  → agricolās

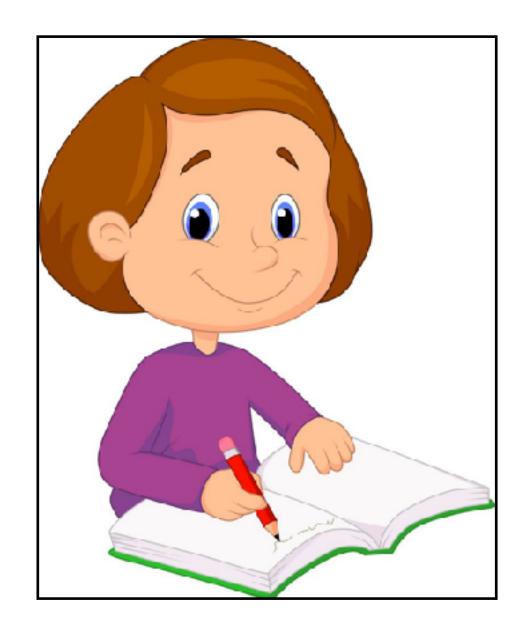


Copy the following sentences, writing S over the subject, V over the verb and O over the object. Then put the underlined words into LATIN.

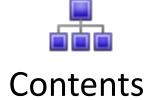
S V

3. The girls watch the maid-servants =

S O V puellae ancillās spectant.









Copy the following sentences, writing S over the subject, V over the verb and O over the object. Then put the underlined words into LATIN.

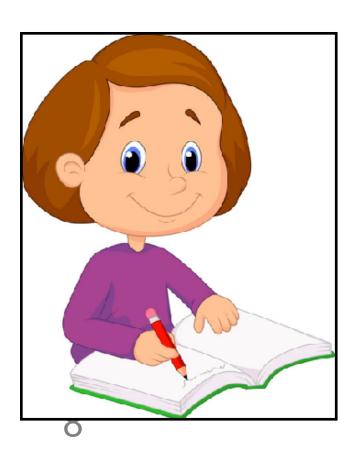
S V O S O V
4. <u>Sulpicia</u> praises the <u>farmer</u> = <u>Sulpicia</u> <u>agricolam</u> laudat

S V O S V

5. The <u>sailors</u> kill the <u>farmer</u> = nautae agricolam necant



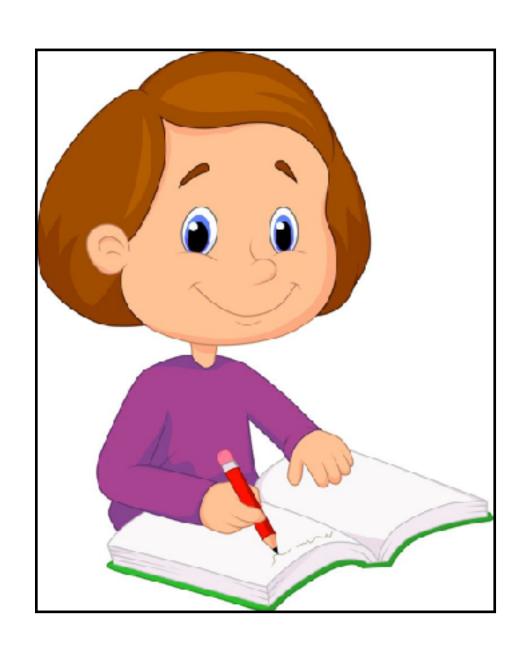




S V O S O V

1. The woman loves the daughter = fēmina fīliam amat

2. Laelia loves the goddess = Laelia deam amat



- S V O

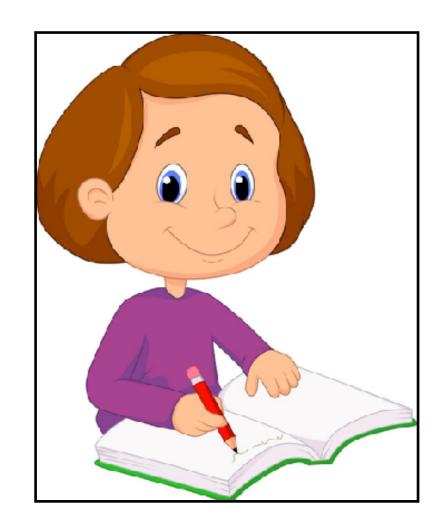
  3. The farmer murders a maid-servant =
  S O V

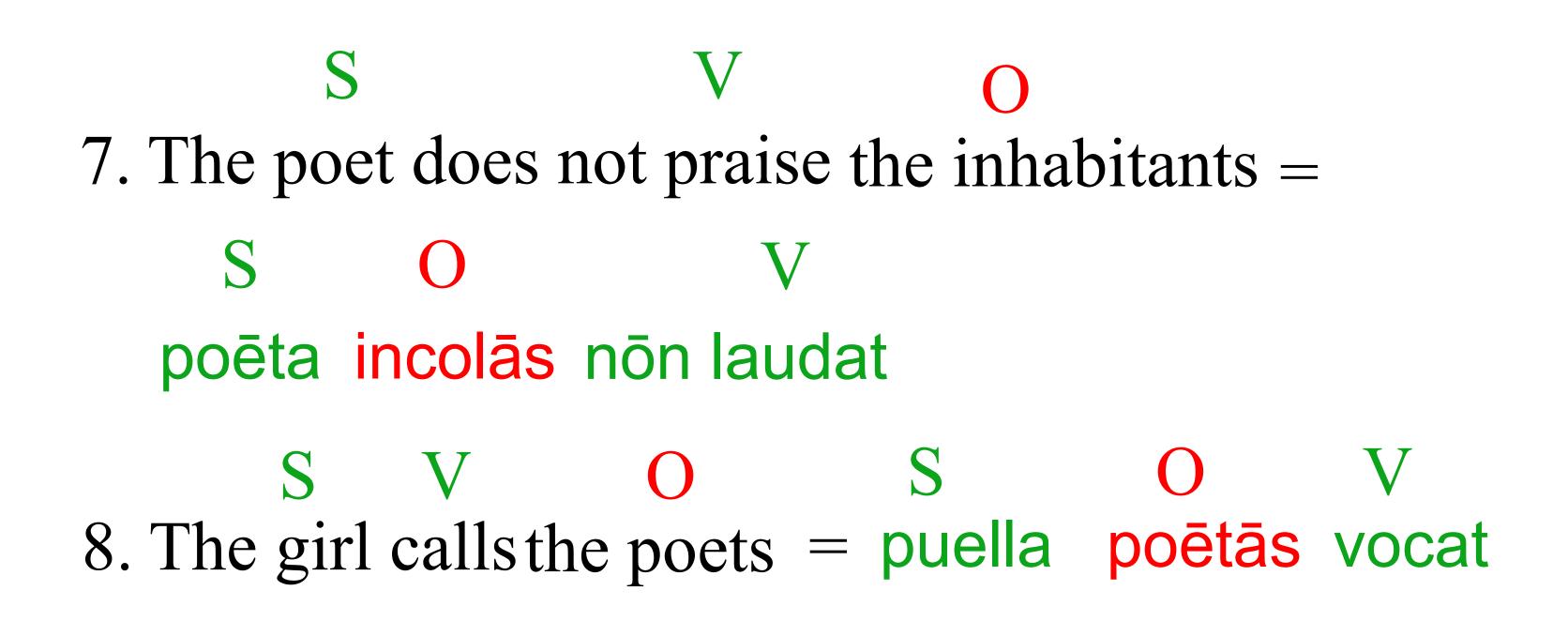
  agricola ancillam necat.
- 4. Sulpicia calls the sailor = Sulpicia nautam vocat.

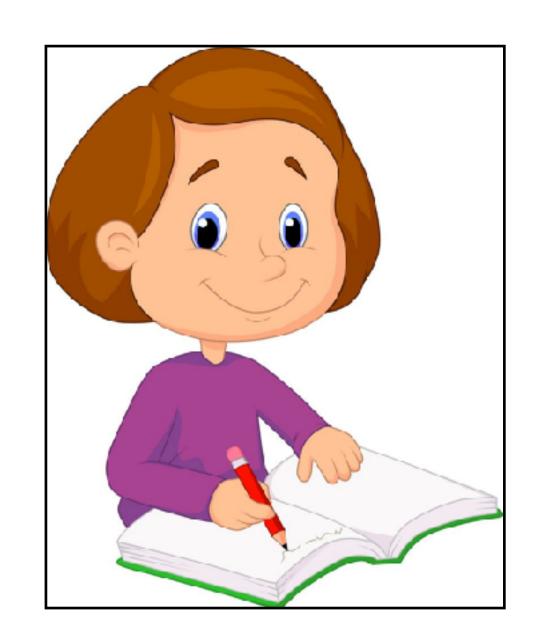
S V O S V

5. The sailor loves islands = nauta insulas amat.

S V O S V
6. The goddess watches the girls = dea puellās spectat.









#### Traffic-lights: beware!

In English, we know *who* is doing something, and to *whom* they are doing it, by the <u>order of words</u>.

In Latin, it is the *ending* on the noun that tells us who is doing something and to whom:

E.g. puella agricolam amat; and agricolam puella amat

both mean the same thing: the girl loves the farmer.

1. Copy the following sentences. Mark N for subject, V for verb and A for object and then translate them into English.

 $\begin{array}{c} N & A & V \\ \text{(a) agricolae } \overline{\text{Insulam habitant}} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{c} \text{The farmers inhabit the} \\ \text{island.} \end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c} A & N & V \\ \text{(b) deam puella amat} \longrightarrow \end{array}$  The girl loves the goddess.

(c) ancillae poētam vocant the maid-servants are calling the poet.

1. Copy the following sentences. Mark N for subject, V for verb and A for object and then translate them into English.

(d) fīliam fēmina spectat ———— The woman watches the daughter.

(e) puellae reginam laudant—> The girls praise the queen.

(f) reginam puellae laudant — The girls praise the queen.

#### Home Work

<u>Due tomorrow: Wednesday 28th September</u>

Complete the noun table and 5 questions on the worksheet

Fill in the table below: Singular Plural Nominative puella puell Accusative puell puell The nominative is used for (1) The accusative is used for (1)

(1)

(1)

TOTAL

The singular is used when

The plural is used when

Fill in the table below. Give the correct singular ending, then change these nouns from the singular to the plural. Finally, translate the plural nouns:

	Case	Singular	Plural			
Į.	acc.	hast	hast			
				(3)	(	)
2. nom.	ancill	ancill			1 323	
				(3)	(	)
3.	nom.	poet	poet			
				(3)	(	)
4.	acc.	de	de			
				(3)	(	)
5. nom.	puell	puell				
				(3)	(	)
			то	TAL (15)	(	)